The Clean Water Act

Regulatory Framework Basics

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Clean Water Act Basics

WHO?

WHAT?

WHEN?

WHERE?

WHY?

HOW?

50 Years of the Clean Water Act The "WHEN"



Clean Water Act Basics – The "WHY"

- Statutory Purpose
 - Maintain chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's waters
- Two Primary Goals
 - Eliminate discharge of pollutants to surface waters
 - "Fishable / Swimmable" where attainable
 - Protection and propagation of fish, shellfish, and wildlife
 - Recreation in and on the water



The "WHY"

- Five statutory policies to implement "fishable/swimmable" goal:
 - No discharge of toxics in toxic amounts
 - Financial assistance for POTW construction
 - Area-wide treatment management planning
 - Treatment technology R&D "eliminate"
 - Nonpoint source pollution control programs

The "WHO"

Clean Water Act is implemented through a cooperative federalism model:



Who Enforces?

- States have primary enforcement authority
- EPA may participate/overfile

 Citizens may also file suite where EPA and the state fail to diligently prosecute



The "WHAT"

Prohibits discharges of pollutants to navigable waters without a permit

"Discharge of a pollutant" means "(A) any addition of any pollutant to navigable waters from any point source, (B) any addition of any pollutant to the waters of the contiguous zone or the ocean from any point source other than a vessel or other floating craft.

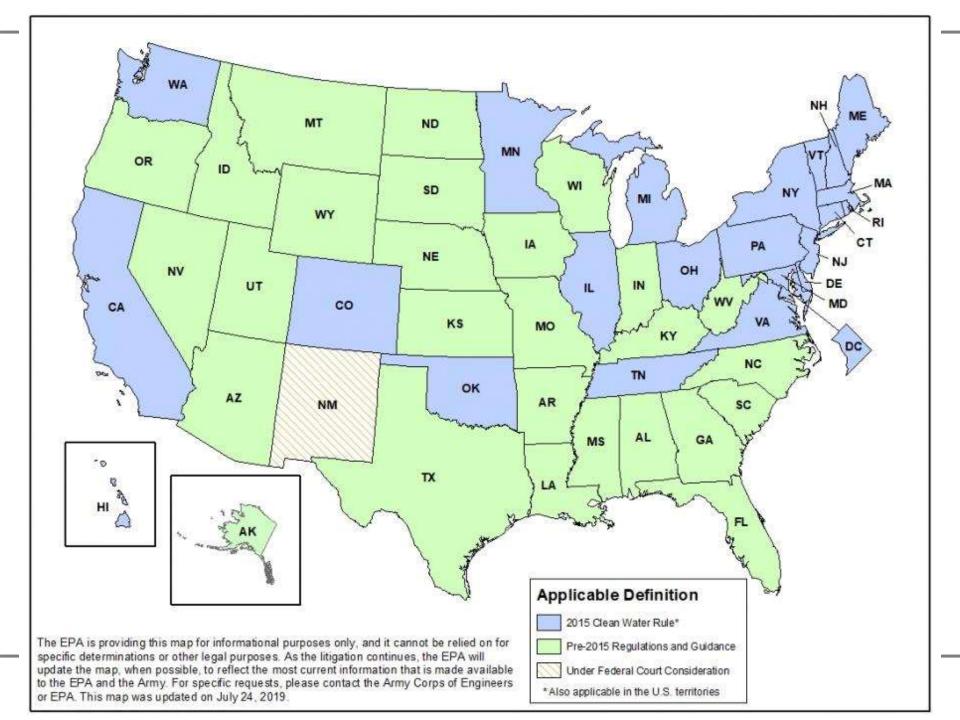
"Point source" means any <u>discernible</u>, <u>confined and discrete conveyance</u>, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation...

Clean Water Act Jurisdiction

The "WHERE"

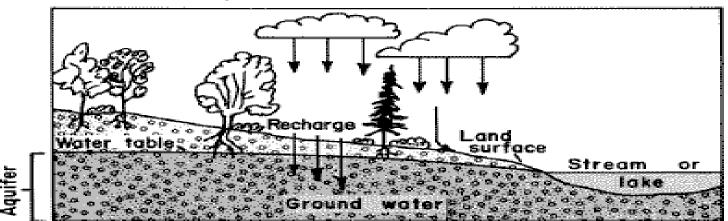
- Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC) v. Army Corps of Engineers, 531 U.S. 159 (2001)
 - Migratory bird rule could not be used to extend CWA jurisdiction to "isolated wetlands"
- Rapanos v. United States, 547 U.S. 715 (2006)
 - Scalia plurality (joined by Roberts, Thomas, Alito):
 - "Relatively permanent flow" and "continuous surface connection"
 - Kennedy concurrence:
 - "Significant nexus" test.
 - Stevens dissent (joined by Souter, Ginsburg, Breyer)

NICE LITTLE WETLAND. ANY FEDERAL PROTECTION DOWN THERE?



What about discharges to groundwater?

- Regulated by other federal statutes (SDWA, RCRA, etc.)
 - States may also regulate under CWA type programs
- County of Maui v. Hawaii Wildlife Fund
 - SCOTUS argument set for November 6, 2019





Clean Water Act Permit Programs

The "HOW"

- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES")
 - Direct Discharges from
 - Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)
 - Other wastewater treatment plants
 - CAFOs
 - Stormwater Discharges
 - Industrial stormwater
 - Municipal Stormwater
 - Indirect Discharges
 - Industrial Pretreatment → POTWs



Clean Water Act Permit Programs The "HOW"

- Section 404 Dredge & Fill Permits
 - Implemented by the Army Corps of Engineers
 Another "WHO"
 - Two states also have delegated authority
 - Permits may be national or individual
 - States may implement isolated wetlands permit programs for waters outside CWA jurisdiction







Questions?

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